

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

| APPLICATION NO. | F | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/904,079 | | 07/12/2001 | Jerry F. Coday | 53625 | 1857 |
| 27148 | 7590 | 06/03/2004 | | EXAM | INER |
| | | LTON & WELTE, | SINGH, SUNIL | | |
| | 700 W. 47TH STREET SUITE 1000 | | | | PAPER NUMBER |
| KANSAS CITY, MO 64112-1802 | | | | 3673 | · |

DATE MAILED: 06/03/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 09/904,079 | CODAY ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| المعارض والمتعارض والمتعار | Sunil Singh | 3673 \ \lambda | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address - | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONET | nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | | | | | | |
| / | ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | 53 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19,21,28 and 29</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 28</u> is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-19,21 and 29</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. | vn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | r election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9)☑ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accomplicated may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine | epted or b) objected to by the led drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | | | | | |
| J.S. Patent and Trademark Office | | | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: because reference character "32" has been used to designate both screw collar and drophead (See page 17).* Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 8 is objected to because of the following informalities: claim 8 line 4, "said aligned holes of **said projections**" is recited and antecedent basis for such language is provided in claim 6; therefore, it appears that claim 8 should be dependent from claim 6. Appropriate correction is required. **The examiner is treating claim 8 as if it were dependent from claim 6.**

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 29 duplicates what was recited in claim 21 and therefore should be canceled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

Art Unit: 3673

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 6. Claims 5,13-15, 17, 21 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnston '708 in view of brochures "TITAN Formwork Systems" or "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile".
- 7. Johnston discloses a post shore and decking system comprising a post shore that includes a non-symmetrical main leg (see Figs. 10,12). Johnston discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, Johnston lacks the specific drophead, ledger and joist as called for in the claims. "TITAN Formwork Systems" and "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile" both teach the specific drophead, ledger and joist as called for in the claims. It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Johnston by substituting the drophead, ledger and joist as taught by either "TITAN Formwork Systems" or "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile for the drophead, ledger and joist as disclosed by Johnston since such a modification provides interlocking members thus eliminating cutting or lapping as is traditionally required.

With regards to claim 17, a removable screw collar (see Fig. 1).

8. Claims 6-12, 16 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnston '708 in view of brochures "TITAN Formwork Systems" or "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile".as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Johnston '708.

Application/Control Number: 09/904,079

Art Unit: 3673

See attached marked up Figures 10 and 12, (shown in right hatched marked, what the "channel" is considered as with regards to claims 6-8,11,16,18,19).

Johnston (once modified) discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, the (once modified) Johnston lacks a plurality of aligned holes passing through the flat projections. Johnston teaches a plurality of aligned holes passing through flat projections (see Figs. 2,3,7). It would have been considered obvious to one skilled in the art to further modify the (once modified) Johnston (referring to Johnston Figs. 10,12) to include a plurality of aligned holes passing through the flat projections as taught by Johnston (see Figs. 2,3,7) since such an arrangement allows for easy connection of brace members.

With regards to claim 7, Johnston (twice modified) discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, the (twice modified) Johnston lacks a plurality of holes passing through the front wall of the channel. Johnston teaches a plurality of holes passing through the front wall of the channel (see Fig. 6). It would have been considered obvious to one skilled in the art to further modify the (twice modified) Johnston to include a plurality of holes passing through the front wall of the channel as taught by Johnston (see Fig. 6) since such an arrangement allows for easy connection of brace members.

With regards to claim 8, the extension leg member with holes is depicted in Figure 1 of Johnston as member (33).

Application/Control Number: 09/904,079

Art Unit: 3673

With regards to claim 11, the channel includes means for holding a nut on the inside wall of the channel (see Fig. 10,12 of Johnston).

With regards to claim 16, frame members are attached to the channel member.

With regards to claim 18, a screw connects the frame member with the channel (see Figs. 10,12).

With regards to claim 19 (see Fig. 6).

See attached marked up Figures 10 and 12, (shown in left hatched marked, what the "channel" is considered as with regards to claims 9,10,12).

With regards to claim 9, Johnston (see Figs.10,12) (once modified) discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, the (once modified) Johnston (see Figs. 10,12) lacks an outside leg slideably received by a main leg. Johnston teaches an outside leg slideably received by a main leg (see Fig. 8). It would have been considered obvious to one skilled in the art to further modify the (once modified) Johnston (see Figs. 10,12) to include an outside leg slideably received by the main leg as taught by Johnston (see Fig. 8) since such an arrangement allows for easy connection of brace members.

With regards to claim 10, the outside leg has a plurality of holes passing there through (see Fig. 8 of Johnston)

With regards to claim 12, the outside leg includes means for receiving and holding a nut (see Fig. 8).

Art Unit: 3673

- 9. Claims 5, 13, 14, 15, 17, 21 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over brochure Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile in view of Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile or "TITAN Formwork Systems" Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile discloses a non-symmetrical leg (see page with heading "Components of 20K Frame system). However, Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile lacks the specific drophead, ledger and joist as called for in the claims. "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile" and "TITAN Formwork Systems" both teach the specific drophead, ledger and joist as called for in the claims (see page with heading "Megashore Capacity Char", "Pouring Position", "Total QS Eiwdeck Panels" of the Etobicoke brochure and the entire TITAN brochure). It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Etobicoke (Components of 20K Frame System) by including the drophead, ledger and joist as taught by either "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile (see page with heading "Megashore Capacity Char", "Pouring Position", "Total QS Eiwdeck Panels" of the Etobicoke brochure) or "TITAN Formwork Systems" since such a modification allows for forming scaffolding used when pouring concrete and the like.
- 10. Claims 5, 13,14,15,17, 21 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over brochure Doka Floor System in view of brochure Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile or "TITAN Formwork Systems"

 Doka Floor System discloses a non-symmetrical leg (see under heading "Innovative technology and few ... your site"). However, Doka lacks the specific drophead, ledger

Art Unit: 3673

and joist as called for in the claims. "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile" and "TITAN Formwork Systems" both teach the specific drophead, ledger and joist as called for in the claims (see page with heading "Megashore Capacity Char", "Pouring Position", "Total QS Eiwdeck Panels" of the Etobicoke brochure and the entire TITAN brochure). It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Doka Floor System by including the drophead, ledger and joist as taught by either "Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile (see page with heading "Megashore Capacity Char", "Pouring Position", "Total QS Eiwdeck Panels" of the Etobicoke brochure) or "TITAN Formwork Systems" since such a modification allows for forming scaffolding used when pouring concrete and the like.

11. Claims 5, 13, 14, 15, 17, 21 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over brochure "TITAN Formwork Systems" in view of Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile or brochure Doka Floor System or Johnston '708 TiTan Formwork Systems discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, it is silent about it's leg being non-symmetrical. Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile brochure, Doka Floor System brochure and Johnston '708 all teach non-symmetrical legs. It would have been considered obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify "Titan Formwork Systems" by substituting the leg of either Etobicoke Iron Works Limited Corporate Profile or brochure Doka Floor System or Johnston '708 for the leg disclosed by "Titan Formwork Systems" since such a modification allows for easier attachment of the framing structures

Application/Control Number: 09/904,079 Page 8

Art Unit: 3673

Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's argument with respect to Johnston not having the specific drophead and ledger as called for in the claims is moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

13. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

As specifically set forth in the Etobicoke brochure they are non-symmetric legs, dropheads, ledger and joists as called for in the claims. Since these are all components use in forming a post shore decking system it is well within the skill of an skilled artesian to use specific combinations of legs, drophead, ledgers and joists to suit the intended use. This is clearly not impermissible hindsight.

Allowable Subject Matter

14. Claims 1-4, 28 are allowed.

Conclusion

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sunil Singh whose telephone number is (703) 308-

Application/Control Number: 09/904,079

Art Unit: 3673

4024. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather Shackelford can be reached on (703) 308-2978. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9327 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2168.

Sunil &inah

Patent Examiner

Page 9

Art Unit 3673

SS *SC* May 27, 2004



